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TIME SERIES

Learning Goals

- Use Python libraries to decompose time series
- Use Python libraries to analyse series
- Use Python libraries to predict

Time Serie Analysis API



- Statistics and Tests
 - Univariate Time-Series Analysis
 - Exponential Smoothing
 - Multivariate Time Series Models
 - Filters and Decompositions
 - Markov Regime Switching Models
 - Forecasting
 - Time-Series Tools
-
- <https://www.statsmodels.org/stable/api.html#statistics-and-tests>

Time Serie Analysis API



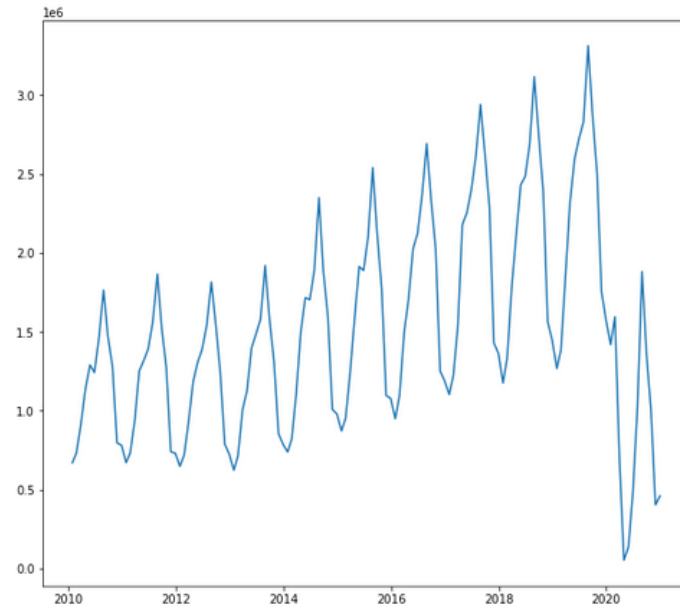
- Part of the statsmodels API is
- Time-series models and methods.
- Canonically imported using:
 - `import statsmodels.tsa.api as tsa`

Suppose that we have a time Serie...

What is the purpose?

Prediction....

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# read file and create dataframe
df = pd.read_csv('tourismPortugal.csv', sep=";")
df['month'] = pd.to_datetime(df['month'])
df=df.set_index(df['month'])
# create a serie
series = pd.Series(df['tourists'])
# Plot the serie
plt.plot(series)
plt.show()
```



Decompose Time Serie

- Parameters:

- Data (Time Serie)
- Model
- Periods

- Output:

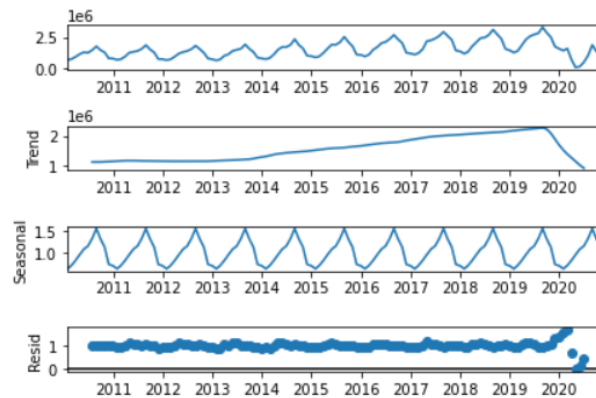
- Observed Serie
- Trend
- Seasonal
- Residual

```
import statsmodels.tsa.api as tsa
import pandas as pd

# read file
df = pd.read_csv('tourismPortugal.csv', sep=";")
df['month'] = pd.to_datetime(df['month'])
df=df.set_index(df['month'])
df=df.drop(['month'], axis=1)

result = tsa.seasonal_decompose(df, model='multiplicative', period=12)

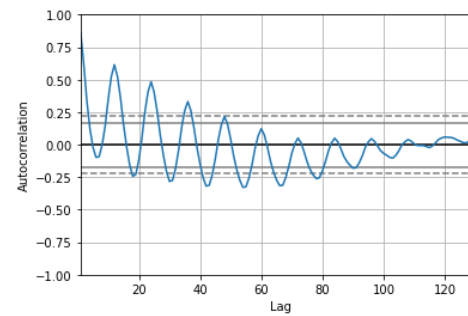
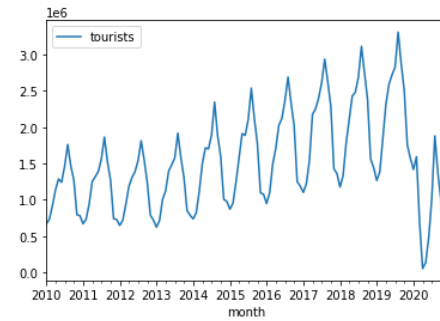
figure=result.plot()
```



Autocorrelation Plot

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from pandas.plotting import autocorrelation_plot

df = pd.read_csv('tourismPortugal.csv', sep=";")
df['month'] = pd.to_datetime(df['month'])
serie=df[['tourists', 'month']]
serie=serie.set_index('month')
serie.plot()
plt.show()
autocorrelation_plot(serie)
plt.show()
```



```

import statsmodels.tsa.api as tsa
import pandas as pd

df = pd.read_csv('tourismPortugal.csv', sep=";")
df['month'] = pd.to_datetime(df['month'])
serie=df[['tourists', 'month']]
serie=serie.set_index('month')
serie.index = serie.index.to_period('M')

#### fit model
p = 4 # number of lags
d = 1 # degree of differencing.
q = 0 # size of the moving average window

model = tsa.arima.ARIMA(serie, order=(p,d,q))
result = model.fit()

# summary of fit model
print(result.summary())

```

```

=====
SARIMAX Results
=====
Dep. Variable:          tourists    No. Observations:          132
Model:                  ARIMA(4, 1, 0)    Log Likelihood            -1832.341
Date:                   Wed, 03 Mar 2021    AIC                       3674.682
Time:                   20:43:08          BIC                       3689.058
Sample:                 01-31-2010        HQIC                      3680.524
                        - 12-31-2020
Covariance Type:       opg
=====

```

	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]
ar.L1	0.3783	0.088	4.304	0.000	0.206	0.551
ar.L2	0.1787	0.116	1.541	0.123	-0.049	0.406
ar.L3	-0.3248	0.113	-2.877	0.004	-0.546	-0.104
ar.L4	-0.0495	0.076	-0.648	0.517	-0.199	0.100
sigma2	8.34e+10	3.81e-13	2.19e+23	0.000	8.34e+10	8.34e+10

```

=====
Ljung-Box (L1) (Q):          0.00    Jarque-Bera (JB):          13.51
Prob(Q):                    0.95    Prob(JB):                  0.00
Heteroskedasticity (H):     2.77    Skew:                      -0.69
Prob(H) (two-sided):        0.00    Kurtosis:                  3.76
=====

```

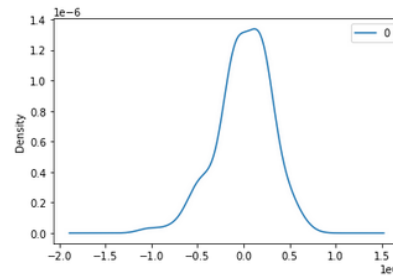
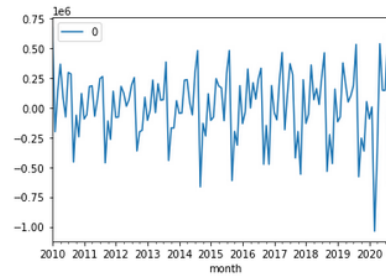
ARIMA

- Preparing the time serie
- Setting lags number, differencing degree, size of moving average
- Create Model
- Fit Model

Residuals

- Still seasonal information?
- Errors are Gaussian and centered on zero
- All Time Serie used
- Train
- Test

```
# line plot of residuals
residuals = pd.DataFrame(result.resid)
residuals.plot()
plt.show()
# density plot of residuals
residuals.plot(kind='kde')
plt.show()
# summary stats of residuals
print(residuals.describe())
```



```
count    1.320000e+02
mean     5.720243e+03
std      2.929744e+05
min     -1.037078e+06
25%     -1.331688e+05
50%      4.510200e+04
75%      2.037719e+05
max      6.692650e+05
```

```

import statsmodels.tsa.api as tsa
from math import sqrt
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error

# split into train and test sets
X = serie.values
size = int(len(X) * 0.70)
train, test = X[0:size], X[size:len(X)]
history = [x for x in train]
predictions = list()

# walk-forward validation
for t in range(len(test)):
    model = tsa.arima.ARIMA(history, order=(p,d,q))
    model_fit = model.fit()
    output = model_fit.forecast()
    yhat = output[0]
    predictions.append(yhat)
    obs = test[t]
    history.append(obs)
    print('predicted=%f, expected=%f' % (yhat, obs))

# evaluate forecasts
rmse = sqrt(mean_squared_error(test, predictions))
print('Test RMSE: %.3f' % rmse)

# plot forecasts against actual outcomes
plt.plot(test)
plt.plot(predictions, color='red')
plt.show()

```

```

predicted=3063604.080269, expected=2626644.000000
predicted=2525982.250892, expected=2288037.000000
predicted=2002943.846006, expected=1428340.000000
predicted=1078516.806844, expected=1361468.000000
predicted=1258560.779588, expected=1175192.000000
predicted=1372904.473562, expected=1332691.000000
predicted=1432217.143661, expected=1781196.000000
predicted=2035578.781393, expected=2108530.000000
predicted=2312727.094421, expected=2430238.000000
predicted=2483461.262802, expected=2482333.000000
predicted=2435286.970732, expected=2688691.000000
predicted=2650288.112961, expected=3114972.000000
predicted=3279049.270532, expected=2744670.000000
predicted=2666538.577637, expected=2384716.000000
predicted=2041275.064636, expected=1563689.000000
predicted=1221972.214214, expected=1442986.000000
predicted=1340725.993823, expected=1266569.000000
predicted=1453534.813600, expected=1384281.000000
predicted=1502523.096499, expected=1851804.000000
predicted=2114363.277998, expected=2315302.000000
predicted=2593929.206090, expected=2591650.000000
predicted=2660734.007920, expected=2721267.000000
predicted=2644743.817489, expected=2829319.000000
predicted=2765675.848207, expected=3310953.000000
predicted=3457691.264943, expected=2876341.000000
predicted=2806680.256163, expected=2500312.000000
predicted=2115370.675047, expected=1754086.000000
predicted=1448101.195276, expected=1572013.000000
predicted=1474614.230027, expected=1418459.000000
predicted=1582339.862212, expected=1594530.000000
predicted=1757101.018797, expected=692691.000000
predicted=456786.428852, expected=53326.000000
predicted=-480050.526637, expected=136493.000000
predicted=300477.997097, expected=482523.000000
predicted=847710.594265, expected=1024811.000000
predicted=1302801.549562, expected=1880926.000000
predicted=2237415.473255, expected=1362664.000000
predicted=1146468.537631, expected=998811.000000
predicted=471767.345690, expected=403446.000000
predicted=211485.252493, expected=459386.000000
Test RMSE: 379005.383

```

