# **Lab: Market-Driven Business Simulation**

#### **Objective:**

Simulate a simple market where companies compete using price and advertising strategies. The market determines demand, and companies calculate revenue, cost, and profit. Learn to apply object-oriented programming, randomness, and market modeling.

### Part 1: Company

Each company has:

- Intrinsic strategy (price, advertising) defined at creation.
- Production cost per unit.
- Efficiency in advertising (how effective advertising is in increasing demand).
- Ability to calculate **units sold, revenue, cost, and profit** after market allocation.

```
class Company:
   def __init__(self, name, production_cost, efficiency, price, advertising):
        self.name = name
       self.production cost = production cost
       self.efficiency = efficiency
       self.price = price
       self.advertising = advertising
       self.units sold = 0
       self.revenue = 0
       self.cost = 0
       self.profit = 0
   def receive demand(self, units demanded):
        """Calculate revenue, cost, and profit based on market demand."""
        self.units sold += units demanded
        self.cost += units demanded * self.production cost
       self.revenue += units demanded * self.price
       self.profit += (units demanded * self.price - units demanded * self.production cost)
   def __str__(self):
        return (f"{self.name}: Units Sold={self.units sold}, "
               f"Revenue={self.revenue:.1f}, Cost={self.cost:.1f}, Profit={self.profit:.1f}")
```

### Part 2: Market

The market:

- Allocates units to companies based on their strategy (advertising and price).
- Uses randomness to simulate market fluctuations.

```
import random

class Market:
    def __init__(self, total_units):
        self.total_units = total_units

def calculate demand(self, companies):
```

```
"""Allocate market units based on company strategies."""
scores = []
for c in companies:
    score = c.advertising * c.efficiency - 0.5 * c.price
    scores.append(max(score, 0))
total score = sum(scores)
allocation = {}
remaining_units = self.total units
for i, score in enumerate(scores):
    if total score > 0:
       units = int(self.total_units * (score / total score) * random.uniform(0.9, 1.1))
       units = 0
    units = min(units, remaining units)
    allocation[i] = units
    remaining units -= units
return allocation
```

#### **Part 3: Market Share**

```
class MarketShare:
    def __init__(self, companies):
        self.companies = companies

def show(self):
    total_units = sum(c.units_sold for c in self.companies)
    print("\n--- Market Share ---")
    for c in self.companies:
        share = (c.units_sold / total_units * 100) if total_units > 0 else 0
        print(f"{c.name}: {share:.1f}%")
```

# **Part 4: Single-Round Simulation**

```
class MarketSimulation:
    def __init__(self, market, companies):
        self.market = market
        self.companies = companies

def run(self):
    print("\n--- Market Simulation (Single Round) ---")
    allocation = self.market.calculate_demand(self.companies)

# Companies receive their allocated units and calculate profit
    for i, company in enumerate(self.companies):
        company.receive_demand(allocation[i])
        print(company)

# Determine best-performing company
    winner = max(self.companies, key=lambda c: c.profit)
    print(f"\n Best-performing company: {winner.name} with profit {winner.profit:.1f}")
```

# **Part 5: Example Setup**

```
# Create companies with intrinsic strategies
c1 = Company("SodaKing", production_cost=2, efficiency=8, price=5, advertising=5)
c2 = Company("FizzCo", production_cost=1.8, efficiency=6, price=6, advertising=4)
c3 = Company("BubblyInc", production_cost=2.2, efficiency=7, price=5.5, advertising=6)
```

```
# Create market
market = Market(total_units=100)
# Run single-round simulation
simulation = MarketSimulation(market, [c1, c2, c3])
simulation.run()
# Show market share
market_share = MarketShare([c1, c2, c3])
market share.show()
```

### Part 6: Lab Exercises

- 1. Record units sold, revenue, cost, and profit for each company.
- 2. Discuss how price and advertising strategy affected demand.
- 3. Experiment with different strategies for each company and compare results.
- 4. Analyze **market share** and identify the most effective strategy.
- 5. Run multiple simulations to see how market randomness affects outcomes.