

FORMULAE

(following Berk and Demarzo's "Corporate Finance" sequence)

GESTÃO FINANCEIRA II UNDERGRADUATE PROGRAMS 1st SEMESTER 2012-2013

$$PV(\text{growing perpetuity}) = \frac{C}{r-g} \quad (4.10)$$

$$PV(\text{annuity of } C \text{ for } n \text{ periods with interest rate } r \text{ growing at rate } g) = C \times \frac{1}{r-g} \left(1 - \left(\frac{1+g}{1+r} \right)^N \right) \quad (4.11)$$

$$\text{Equivalent } n\text{-period Discount rate} = (1+r)^n - 1 \quad (5.1)$$

$$1 + EAR = \left(1 + \frac{APR}{k} \right)^k \quad (5.3)$$

$$\text{Free Cash Flow} = EBIT(1-\tau_C) + \text{Depreciation} - \text{CapEx} - \Delta \text{NWC} \quad (7.5)$$

$$YTM_n = \left(\frac{FV}{P} \right)^{\frac{1}{n}} - 1 \quad (8.3)$$

$$P = CPN \times \frac{1}{y} \left(1 - \frac{1}{(1+y)^N} \right) + \frac{FV}{(1+y)^N} \quad (8.5)$$

$$P = PV(\text{Bond Cash Flows}) = \frac{CPN}{1+YTM_1} + \frac{CPN}{(1+YTM_2)^2} + \dots + \frac{CPN+FV}{(1+YTM_n)^n} \quad (8.6)$$

$$f_n = \frac{(1+YTM_n)^n}{(1+YTM_{n-1})^{n-1}} - 1 \quad (8A.2)$$

$$(1+f_1) \times (1+f_2) \times \dots \times (1+f_n) = (1+YTM_n)^n \quad (8A.3)$$

$$r_E = \frac{Div_1}{P_0} + \frac{P_1 - P_0}{P_0} \quad (9.2)$$

$$P_0 = \frac{Div_1}{1+r_E} + \frac{Div_2}{(1+r_E)^2} + \dots + \frac{Div_N}{(1+r_E)^N} + \frac{P_N}{(1+r_E)^N} \quad (9.4)$$

$$P_0 = \frac{Div_1}{r_E - g} \quad (9.6)$$

$$Div_t = EPS_t \times \text{Dividend Payout Rate}_t \quad (9.8)$$

$$g = \text{Retention Rate} \times \text{Return on New Investment} \quad (9.12)$$

$$P_0 = \frac{PV(\text{Future Total Dividends and Repurchases})}{\text{Shares Outstanding}_0} \quad (9.16)$$

$$\text{Expected Return} = E[R] = \sum_R p_R \times R \quad (10.1)$$

$$\text{Var}(R) = E[(R - E[R])^2] = \sum_R p_R \times (R - E[R])^2 ; \quad SD(R) = \sqrt{\text{Var}(R)} \quad (10.2)$$

$$\bar{R} = \frac{1}{T} (R_1 + R_2 + \dots + R_T) = \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=1}^T R_t \quad (10.6)$$

$$\text{Var}(R) = \frac{1}{T-1} \sum_{t=1}^T (R_t - \bar{R})^2 \quad (10.7)$$