# Corporate Investment Appraisal <br> Masters in Finance 

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## Problem Set 4: Investment Decision Rules

## TO SOLVE IN CLASS

1. Consider the following information regarding a new investment project of firm EE:

- Life: 3 years
- Initial Investment in Fixed Assets: \$10,000
- Sales: \$10,000 in year 1, annual growth rate 2\%
- Cost of Goods Sold: \$3200 in year 1, annual growth rate 3\%
- Selling, General and Administrative Expenses: \$500 in year 1, annual growth rate 2\%
- Net Working Capital: \$1000 in year 0, annual growth rate 3\%, yrs 1 and 2
- Depreciation: in full, straight-line, over the 3 years
- Corporate Income Tax Rate: 35\%
- Market Value of Equipment at liquidation date: $\$ 3500$
- Cost of Capital: $11 \%$.
(a) Does the project payback the initial investment?
(b) Should the project go ahead?
(c) There is an alternative project (known as NOVO), with discount rate 10\%, and the following cash flows:

| T | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| FCFFt | -8000 | 5800 | 7000 |

Which project is preferable?
2. Company EFE, plc has two alternative investment opportunities, which are mutually exclusive. They are projects A and B. The Chief Financial Officer produced the following forecasted annual income statements for each project:

| Project A | Years 1 to 4 | Project B | Years 1 to <br> 5 |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Sales | $€ 1000000$ | Sales | $€ 1200000$ |
| Operating Costs | 250000 | Operating Costs | 400000 |
| Depreciation | 250000 | Depreciation | 200000 |
| EBIT | 500000 | EBIT | 600000 |
| Interest Payments | 20000 | Interest Payments | 20000 |
| Earnings Before Taxes | 480000 | Earnings Before Taxes | 580000 |
| Net Income | 288000 | Net Income | 348000 |

Both projects require an initial investment in fixed assets of $€ 1$ million. No investmentb in net working capital is expected.

We further know that the cost of capital associated to project A is $10 \%$, whereas project B's cost of capital is $12 \%$.
(a) What is the payback period of Project A?
(b) "Project A's IRR certainly does not exceed 10\%." Do you agree with the statement?
(c) Which project is better?
3. SENSITIVITY Corp. is studying a project to launch a new tooth paste (values in thousands of Japanese Yens). The Marketing Department has provided us with the following forecasted values:

| Item | Data |
| :--- | :--- |
| Sales (quantities) | 1450 Tons |
| Advertising Costs | $10 \%$ of Sales |
| Sale Price | $\neq 5 /$ Ton |

The costs associated with this project are:

| Item | Data |
| :--- | :--- |
| Raw Materials | $\neq 2 /$ Ton |
| Costs with Personnel | $\neq 1000$ |
| Capital Expenditures | $\neq 6000$ |

The project lasts for 3 years and the Chief Operations Officer finds a return of $7.398 \%$ appropriate. The corporate income tax rate is $40 \%$ (assume that negative earnings of the project in a given year contribute to overall tax reduction for the company in the same year).
(a) Assess the financial potential of the project.
(b) Conduct sensitivity analysis for the following inputs:

- Sale Price: -10\%
- Advertising Costs: +10\%
- Raw Materials: +10\%
- Discount Rate: $10 \%$
- Sale Price: -10\% and Raw Materials: +10\%
(c) Analyze the following 2 scenarios:

| Item | Optimistic scenario | Pessimistic <br> scenario |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Sale Price | $¥ 5.5 /$ Ton. | $¥ 4.5 /$ Ton. |
| Advertising Costs | $6 \%$ | $14 \%$ |
| Variable Costs | $¥ 1.8$ | $¥ 2.2$ |
| Costs with Personnel | $¥ 1000$ | $\neq 1200$ |

