Name: $\qquad$ Number: $\qquad$

Part I (40 points) Select the correct option for each question.

1. What is the output of the following lines of code:
$\mathrm{x}=1$
if(x!=1):
print('Hello')
else:
print('Hi')
print('Mike')

|  | Hello Mike |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Mike |
|  | The Mike |
|  | Hi Mike |

2. What is the output of the following few lines of code ?
$\mathrm{A}=[$ ' 1 ','2','3']
for a in A:
print(2*a)

|  | '2' '4' '6' |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | 246 |
|  | '11' $22^{\prime}$ ' 33 ' |
|  | A B C |

3.Consider the function Delta, when will the function return a value of 1 ?
def $\operatorname{Delta}(\mathrm{x})$ : if $\mathrm{x}==0$ : $\mathrm{y}=1$; else: $\mathrm{y}=0$; return( y )

|  | When the input is 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Never |
|  | When the input in 1 |
|  | When the input is anything but 0 |

4. What is the correct way to sort the list ' B ' using a method, the result should not return a new list, just change the list ' B '.

|  | B.sorted() |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $\operatorname{sorted}(\mathrm{B})$ |
|  | $\operatorname{sort}(\mathrm{B})$ |
|  | B.sort() |

5. What are the keys of the of the following $\left\{'^{\prime}: 1,1{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{b}: 2\right\}$

|  | $;,:$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | 1,2 |
|  | $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ |

6.what is the result of the following lines of code:
$\mathrm{a}=\mathrm{np} . \operatorname{array}([0,1,0,1,0])$
$\mathrm{b}=\mathrm{np} . \operatorname{array}([1,0,1,0,1])$
a*b

|  | $\operatorname{array}([1,1,1,1,1])$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $\operatorname{array}([0,0,0,0,0])$ |
|  | 0 |

7.what is the result of the following lines of code:
$\mathrm{a}=\mathrm{np} . \operatorname{array}([0,1])$
$\mathrm{b}=\mathrm{np} . \operatorname{array}([1,0])$
np. $\operatorname{dot}(\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b})$

|  | $\operatorname{array}([1,1])$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | 0 |
|  | 1 |
|  | $\operatorname{array}([0,0])$ |

8.what is the result of the following lines of code:
$\mathrm{a}=\mathrm{np} . \operatorname{array}([1,1,1,1,1])$
$\mathrm{a}+10$

|  | $\operatorname{array}([10,10,10,10,10])$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $\operatorname{array}([11,11,11,11,11])$ |
|  | $\operatorname{array}([1,1,1,1,1])$ |

9.what is the correct code to perform matrix multiplication on the matrix A and B

|  | A x B |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | A * B |
|  | np. $\operatorname{dot}(\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B})$ |

10.What is the syntax to obtain the first element of the tuple:

|  | $\mathrm{A}[1]$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $\mathrm{A}=(\mathrm{a} ', \mathrm{'b}$ ','c') |
|  | $\mathrm{A}[0]$ |
|  | $\mathrm{A}[:]$ |

11.How many duplicate elements can you have in a set?

|  | 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | 100 |
|  | 0, you can only have one unique element in a set |
|  | depends on the number of elements in your set. |

12.Consider the following Python Dictionary: Dict=\{"A":1,"B":"2","C":[3,3,3],"D":(4,4,4),'E':5,'F':6\}, what is the result of the following operation: Dict["D"]

|  | 3 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $(4,4,4)$ |
|  | error |
|  | 4 |
|  | $[3,3,3]$ |

13.What is an important difference between lists and tuples?

|  | Lists are mutable tuples are not |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | There is no zeros in lists |
|  | Lists can't contain a string |
|  | Tuples can only have integers |
|  | Lists and tuples are the same. |

14. When you encounter an error in Python, what should you do?

|  | Search the course discussion forum and post a question if yours hasn't been asked. |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Read the error message. |
|  | Try help() or dir() . |
|  | Use Google or StackOverflow to find an answer. |
|  | All of the above. |

15. def modify(mylist):
```
mylist[0] *= 10 return(mylist)
L}=[1,3,5,7,9
M = modify(L)
M is L
```

What is the value of the final line?

|  | False |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | This code contains an error. |
|  | True |

16.Consider the following code:
$\mathrm{L} 1=[2,3,4]$
$\mathrm{L} 2=\mathrm{L} 1$
L2[0] $=24$
What does L1 equal?

|  | $[24,3,4]$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $[2,3,4]$ |
|  | This code contains an error. |

17. 

$\mathrm{G}=\mathrm{nx} . \operatorname{Graph}()$
G.add_nodes_from (1,2,3,4)
G.add_edges_from((1,2),(3,4))
G.number_of_nodes(), G.number_of_edges()

What does this return?

|  | 4,4 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | 4,0 |
|  | 1,0 |
|  | 4,2 |
|  | This code contains an error. |

18. Which function in networkx (imported as nx ) plots a network?

|  | nx.graph |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | nx.plot |
|  | nx.Graph |
|  | nx.draw |

19.For a given network G , what does len(G) return?

|  | The number of nodes |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | The length of the longest path |
|  | The size of the largest component |
|  | The number of edges |
|  | A list of nodes in each component |

20.What does plt.plot([0, 1,2],[0,1,4],"rd-") do?

This code contains an error.
A plot of two connected lines, and red dots at the junctures.
A plot of two connected lines, with red diamonds at the junctures.
A plot of a smooth curve, and red dots at the endpoints.

## Part II ( 60 points)

1. Write a Python program to multiply two user-entered integers without using the * operator in python.
2. Write a python program to find the next smaller palindrome of a specified number.

A palindrome number is a number that remains the same when its digits are reversed. Like 15951, for example, is "symmetrical".

Ex:
print (Next_mall_Palindrome (99))
101
print (Next_mall_Palindrome (1221))
1331

## 3. Implement the algorithm described below.

The bubble sort algorithm is as follows:
Consider a named list of A
Compare A [0] and A [1], if A [0] is greater than A [1], change the elements. Move to the next element, A [1]
(which can now contain the result of a step change. previous), and compare with A [2].
If A [1] is greater than A [2], replace the elements. Do this for each pair of elements until the end of the list.
Follow steps 1 and 2 n times.

## 4. Implement a program to multiply two arrays using loops

(Matrix multiplication reference:
If $A=[a i j]$ is an $m \times n$ matrix and $B=[b i j]$ is an $n \times p$ matrix, then product $A B$ is an $m \times p$ matrix.
$A B=[c i j]$, where $c i j=a \operatorname{lib} 1 \mathrm{j}+\mathrm{a}$ i $2 \mathrm{~b} 2 \mathrm{j}+\ldots+\mathrm{a}$ in bn j .)

