

GESTÃO FINANCEIRA II / CORPORATE FINANCE II

Problem Set 1

Licenciatura – Undergraduate Course

1st Semester, 2020-2021

GESTÃO FINANCEIRA II / CORPORATE FINANCE II - PROBLEM SET 1

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Chapters 1, 13 and 16

1- True or false and justify all answers (up to 5 lines):

The managers of an industrial company can do several things to protect shareholders' interest and the company's value. For example, managers might:

- a) Make shareholders' as wealthy as possible by investing in financial assets with market risk.
- b) Pay high dividends when the company needs to make a significant investment.
- c) Make investments according to the shareholder' preferences.
- d) Make investment decisions based on the macroeconomic cycle.
- e) Engage in an aggressive borrowing policy in high-interest rate cycles.
- f) Choose low or high risk assets based on several factors, such as the company's financial situation, the economic and interest cycle and the expected return adjusted for risk.
- **2-** True or false and justify all answers (up to 5 lines):
- a) The company XPTO just announced that its first-half net profits were 0.10€ per share. Financial analysts had expected 0.13€ per share. The stock price is expected to fall.
- b) In an efficient market, the expected return on a share from the pharmaceutical sector and another share from the automobile sector is the same.
- c) If an investor does crazy things in the markets, this affects the market's efficiency.
- d) Consider a senior manager in a universe of 1.000 companies who are listed. When he/she uses privileged non-public information to take advantage and obtain superior gains, this does not affect the market's efficiency.
- e) A close friend mentioned that S&P500 is at historic highs, but the sky has no limits.
- f) The beta coefficient gives different information than the PER (Price Earnings Ratio).

3- Respond to these questions:

- a) The company ABC made a net profit of €5.0 million, although announced a dividend payment of €7.0 million. The company is in an investment cycle and has a significant level of debt. From a financial perspective, does this decision make sense? Justify.
- b) Two companies, A and B, will pay 0.2€ and 0.4€ of dividend per share. Do you have enough information to decide which is the best investment? Justify.
- c) The company XYZ has outstanding 1,000,000 shares with a total market value of 10,000,000 €. Next year divided is expected to reach 300,000 €, growing thereafter by 5% in perpetuity. What is the appropriate discount rate for the company?