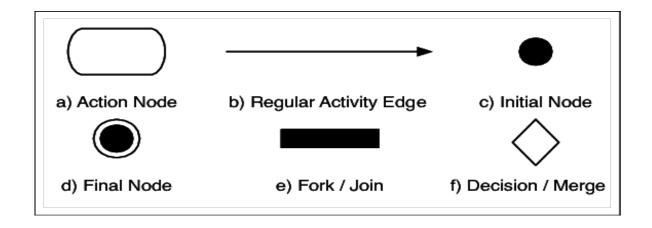


Carlos J. Costa

Activity Diagrams are typically used for:

- 1. Modelling business processes
- 2. Modelling the logic of a use case or scenario
- 3. Modelling the detailed logic of a business rule

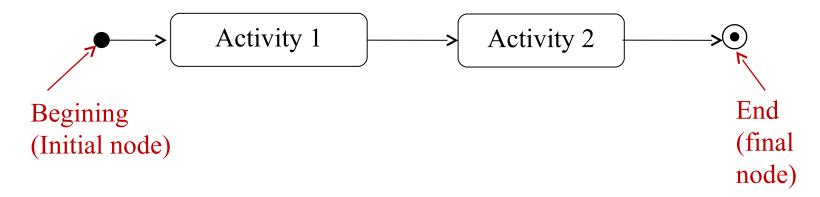


In case of use case logic modelling or scenario
(2)

 Activity diagrams are usually created from the descriptions of the use cases and corresponding scenario!!!

- AD is suitable for the modelling of the functional vision of a system, because it allows to describe the
 - logic of its processes
 - its functions

- AD describes the <u>internal behaviour</u> of its processes or functions.
- AD represents a <u>series of actions</u> and / or activities and explains the dependencies between them



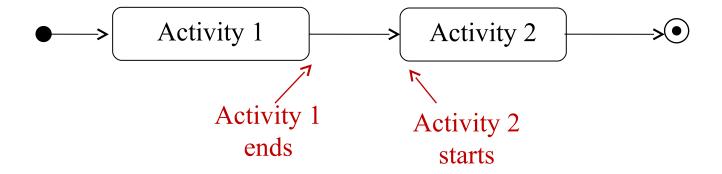
 Activity is a step of a process where some work is done (calculation, manipulation, research, etc.)

Inserir pedido

Activity Diagram: Edges

- represented by arrows,
- connect the individual components of activity diagrams
- illustrate the control flow of the activity

 Sequential activities - an activity can only be performed when all the activities that depend on it have already been performed.



 Competing activities - activities can be performed in parallel.

Activity Diagram: Swimlanes

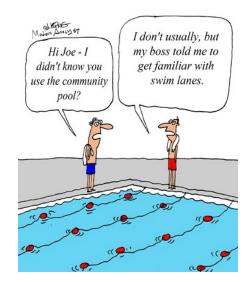
 The individual elements of an activity diagram can be divided into individual areas or 'partitions'.

Various criteria can lead to the creation of

these partitions:

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System	
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- organization entities,
- cost centres,
- locations,
- •



Activity Diagram: Decision nodes

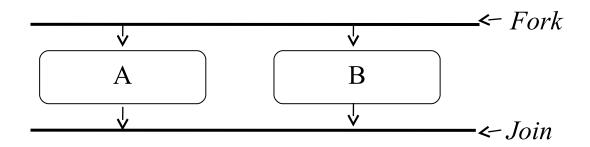
- Decision node is a control node that accepts tokens on one or two incoming edges and selects one outgoing edge from one or more outgoing flows.
- Decision nodes were introduced in UML to support conditionals in activities.
- The notation for a decision node is a diamondshaped symbol

[NO]

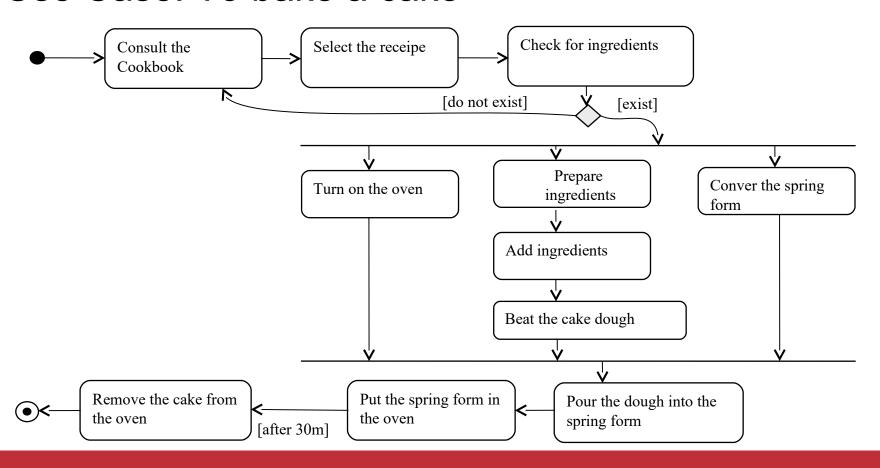
[YES]

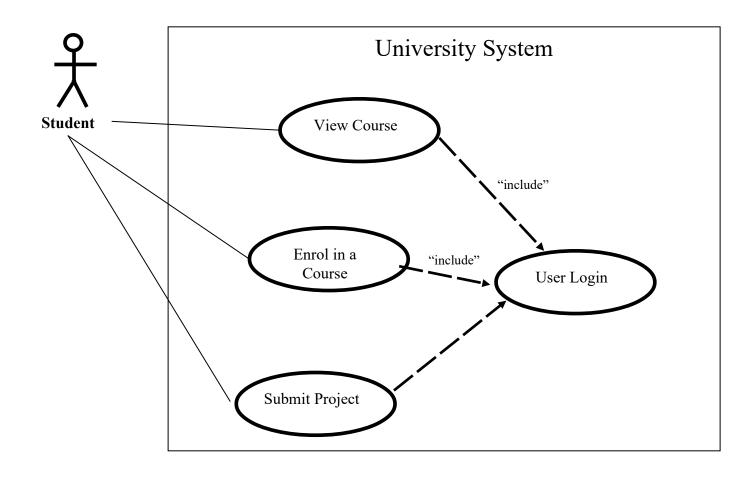
Activity Diagram: Fork/Join node

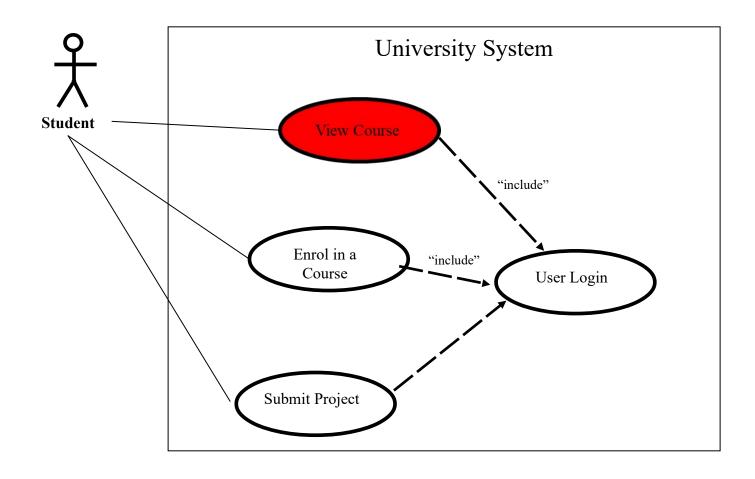
 Fork node and join node: describe a set of activities that should be performed, but where the order of execution is not relevant



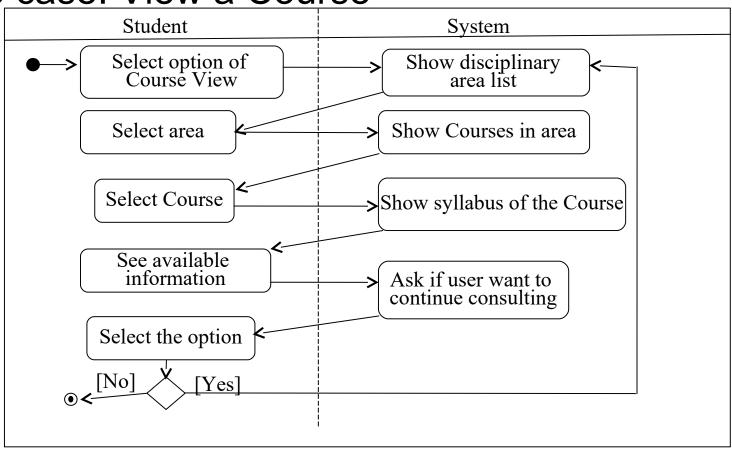
Use Case: To bake a cake

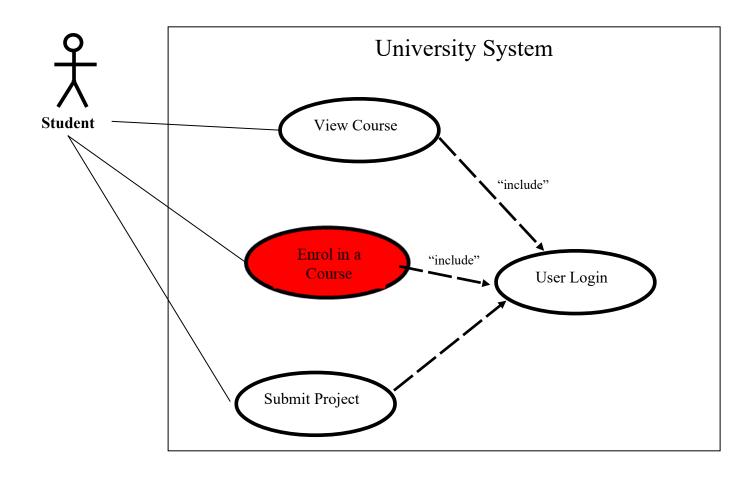






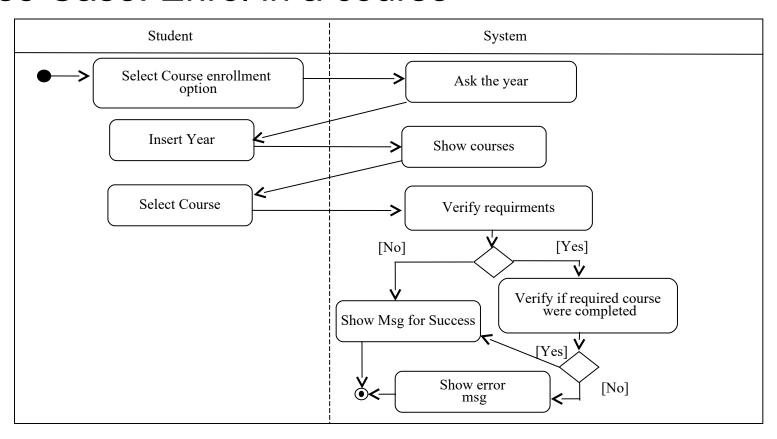
Use case: View a Course





example 3

Use Case: Enrol in a course



How to Model

- Create a Use Case diagram for the entire project
- Create an activity diagram for each use case

Advantage of using Activity Diagrmas





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